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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/548,026	04/12/2000	Steen M. Matzen	196-1203	5394	
7	590 07/01/2003				
Lee Mann Smith McWilliams Sweeney & Ohlson PO Box 2786 Chicago, IL 60690-2786			EXAM	EXAMINER	
			DICKENS, CHARLENE		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2855		
			DATE MAILED: 07/01/2003	1	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>					
	Appl	ication No.	Applicant(s)		
	į.	48,026	MATZEN, STEEN	MATZEN, STEEN M.	
Office Action Summa	Exan	niner	Art Unit		
		Dickens	2855		
Th MAILING DATE of this co Period for Reply	ommunication appears o	n th cov r sheet	with the correspondence ad	ldress	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PER THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COM - Extensions of time may be available under the p after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of t - If the period for reply specified above is less tha - If NO period for reply specified above, the ma - Failure to reply within the set or extended period - Any reply received by the Office later than three earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.3	MMUNICATION. provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In this communication. n thirty (30) days, a reply within the vimum statutory period will apply if or reply will, by statute, cause the months after the mailing date of the status.	no event, however, may he statutory minimum of to and will expire SIX (6) Mo he application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered time DNTHS from the mailing date of this c ABANDONED (35 U.S.C.§ 133).	ly. ommunication.	
1) Responsive to communication	on(s) filed on <i>06 Januar</i>	v 2003 .			
2a) ☑ This action is FINAL .	2b) ☐ This action				
3) Since this application is in co	ondition for allowance e	xcept for formal m		ne merits is	
Disp sition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>18-31 and 33-35</u> is/					
4a) Of the above claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from	n consideration.			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed	1.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>18-31 and 33-35</u> is/a			•		
7) Claim(s) is/are objecte					
8) Claim(s) are subject to Application Papers	restriction and/or elect	ion requirement.			
9)☐ The specification is objected to	o by the Examiner.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on	is/are: a)□ accepted or	b) objected to by	y the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that					
11) The proposed drawing correct	ion filed on is: a)	approved b)	disapproved by the Examir	ner.	
If approved, corrected drawing	s are required in reply to the	nis Office action.			
12)☐ The oath or declaration is obje	ected to by the Examine	r.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 1					
13) Acknowledgment is made of	a claim for foreign prior	ity under 35 U.S.C	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ No	ne of:				
1. Certified copies of the	•			•	
2. Certified copies of the					
3. Copies of the certified application from the* See the attached detailed Office	e International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	l Stage	
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a	claim for domestic prior	rity under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(e) (to a provisiona	al application).	
a) ☐ The translation of the fore 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing F 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO			ew Summary (PTO-413) Paper No of Informal Patent Application (P		
S. Patent and Trademark Office					

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2.

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made. Claims 18-31 and 33-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a)
- as being unpatentable over Gaertner (US Pat 4,784,000) in view of Shauger et al. In regards to claims 18, 28, 30, Gaertner teaches an electromagnetic flowmeter arrangement having a measuring tube 13, a coil arrangement 17 for generating a magnetic field substantially perpendicular to the direction of flow through the measuring tube (col. 4, lines 10-16, an electrode arrangement 21 substantially perpendicular to the direction of flow and to the magnetic field (col. 4, lines 16-18), a supply system 19 for the coil arrangement which has a current direction change-over arrangement 25, determining after a change-over of the current direction, at least one parameter of the rise in the current in the coil arrangement and compares the parameter with a given value determined before the change over of the current direction. However, Gaertner does not specifically disclose a comparator as a testing device. Shauger et al. disclose a comparator as a testing device 40 for the purpose of providing an electromagnetic flowmeter which is capable of accurately measuring the flow rate

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of fluid independently of changes in fluid conductivity, viscosity and density (col. 3, lines 65-68). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have a comparator as a testing device in Gaertner as taught by Shauger et al. for the purpose of providing an electromagnetic flowmeter which is capable of accurately measuring the flow rate of fluid independently of changes in fluid conductivity, viscosity and density (col. 3, lines 65-68). Claim 19: Gaertner teaches testing is carried out during measurement of a throughflow (col. 1, lines 9-14); Claim 20: Gaertner teaches the reference value is determined from the flowmeter at an earlier time (col. 4, lines 12-14); Claims 21, 22: Gaertner teaches a time period that elapse between two predetermined current values is used as a parameter (col. 7, lines 33-40); Claim 23: Gaertner teaches a stepped-up voltage (col. 4, lines

26-34);
Claim 24: Gaertner teaches in which the supply voltage of the
coil arrangement is regulated radiometrically in relation to a

reference voltage which is also used to determine the parameter

(col. 8, lines 5-15);

Claim 25-27: Gaertner teaches in which the curve shape is formed by current rise is used as the parameter (fig. 4);

Claim 29: Gaertner teaches a time-counter 61;

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Claim 31: Gaertner teaches a checking unit which checks to see if the time ascertained differs by more than a predetermined difference from a given value (col. 7, lines 1-5 and col. 9, lines 3-45);

Claim 33: Gaertner teaches a temperature-dependent resistor (Fig. 1);

Claim 34: Gaertner teaches a supplementary voltage supply system (Fig. 2);

Claim 35: Gaertner teaches an analogue-to-digital converter (Fig.3).

3. Applicant's arguments filed 1/6/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues Gaertner and Shauger et al. do not deal with testing.

Specifically, applicant argues Gaertner does not teach a testing device which is a comparator and Shauger et al. does not deal with testing. The Examiner agrees Gaertner does not teach a comparator, but nevertheless Shauger et al. does teach a comparator. To the assertion of Shauger et al. not dealing with testing, the applicant's attention is drawn to several facts.

One Shauger et al. is classified in class 73, which is entitled "Testing and Measuring". Second, the title, "Bi-Directional Electromagnetic Flowmeter" is suggestive of testing, i.e., a flowmeter is a testing device. Lastly, the abstract of Shauger et al. discloses "An electromagnetic flowmeter capable of

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accurately measuring the flow rate of fluid.... Associated with the feedback loop is a bi-directional auxiliary which detects the polarity of the d-c signal and acts to apply the sampled duty cycle...." Measuring is defined as, a reference sample or standard used for the quantitative comparison of properties. Testing is defined as to ascertain the presence or properties of a substance. Hence, according to the conventional definitions of measuring and testing, Shauger et al. not only clearly measure a value, the reference also test the measured value. the purported argument made by the applicant is not persuasive. Accordingly, the modified Gaertner teaches and suggests the claimed invention. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a). A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of In the event a first reply is filed within TWO this action. MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however,

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will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

4. Any inquiry concerning this or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Dickens or the supervisor, Edward Lefkowitz, whose telephone numbers are (703) 305-7047 or 305-4816, respectively. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Technology Center's receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1782. The fax numbers for the Center are (703) 305-3431 and (703) 305-3432.

cd/dickens June 26, 2003 EDWARD LEFKENHTZ SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800